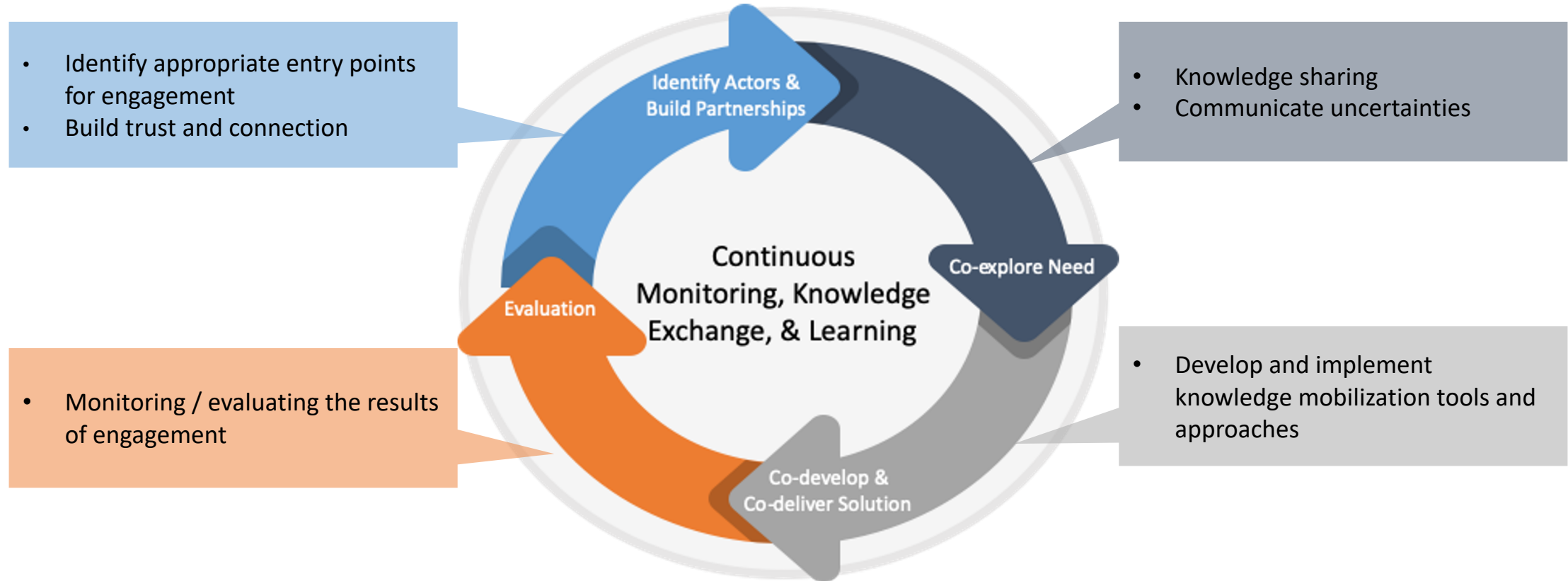


Research uptake and knowledge brokering in FCFA

Findings from a learning review

How did consortia engage with users?

Using the knowledge co-production process to understand user engagement



Adapted from Vincent et al. (2018); Carter et al. (2020).

What tools and strategies for mobilizing knowledge?

A range of strategies

Information Intermediary

- Integrated Database for African Policymakers (IDAPS) (HyCRISTAL)
- Transport Pilot Project (HyATPP) (HyCRISTAL)
- Visual storytelling of changes (HyCRISTAL; UMFULA)
- Modelling and simulations (IMPALA; AMMA-2050, UMFULA; HyCRISTAL)

Innovation Brokering

- Embedded researcher (FRACTAL)

Knowledge Translation

- Policy briefs, Infographics, Stakeholder slides, Project brochure (CCKE; AMMA-2050; HyCRISTAL; UMFULA; FRACTAL)
- WASH infrastructure and Services Planning Platforms (HyCRISTAL)
- Flood Mapping, the IDF curves (AMMA-2050)
- Climate Risk Screening tool (CCKE)

Knowledge Brokering

- Forum Theatre (AMMA-2050)
- Stakeholder Value Stories (HyCRISTAL)
- Climate Risk Narratives (CRNs) (FRACTAL)
- Collaborative discussion forums (UMFULA)



Key messages that emerge

- **User engagement:** Stages of knowledge co-production is a useful guide – even if you're not aiming to co-produce knowledge!
- **Knowledge mobilization:** Wide range of strategies and tools. Still a strong emphasis on providing/translating information. Need for more focus on influencing wider decision-making systems?
- **Interplay:** Consortia are using dynamic strategies to link user engagement and KMb. Effective approaches are tailored, non-linear, and adaptive - often part of a related longer-term strategy.
- **M&E:** Still limited data being gathered on engagement and mobilization. The interplay shows need to move beyond "counting" products – looking instead at outcomes of adaptive programming.